

## Sage Quick Reference (Basic Math)

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Latest version at [wiki.sagemath.org/quickref](http://wiki.sagemath.org/quickref)

## 筆記本

評估格子: <Shift-Enter>

創造新格子: <alt-enter>

分裂格子: <control-; >

連接格子: <control-backspace>

插入數學格子: 按格與格之間的藍色線

插入文字或 HTML 格子: <shift-按格與格之間的藍色線>

刪除格子: 刪除內容後再接<backspace>

## 數字的類型

整數:  $\mathbb{Z} = \text{ZZ}$  例如 -2 -1 0 110^ 100

有理數:  $\mathbb{Q} = \text{QQ}$  例如 1/2 1/1000314/100-42

小數:  $\mathbb{R}$  例如 0.50.0013.14-42。

複數:  $\mathbb{C} = \text{CC}$  例如 1+i 2.5-3\*i

## 基本常量和函數

常量:  $\pi = \text{pi}$   $e = \text{e}$   $i = \text{i}$   $\infty = \infty$

近似數:  $\text{pi.n(digits=18)} = 3.14159265358979324$

函數: sin cos tan sec csc cot sinh cosh tanh

sech csch coth log ln exp

$ab = a*b$      $\frac{a}{b} = a/b$      $a^b = a^b$      $\sqrt{x} = \text{sqrt}(x)$

符號變元: 例如  $t, u, v, y, z = \text{var('t u v y z')}$

定義函數:  $f(x) = x^2$      $f(x) = x^2$

## 詞句的操作

$\text{factor}(\dots)$   $\text{expand}(\dots)$   $(\dots).\text{simplify\_...}$

象徵性的方程:  $f(x) == g(x)$

\_ 是以前的輸出

\_+a \_-a \_\*a \_/a 操縱方程

$\text{solve}(f(x) == g(x), x)$

$\text{solve}([f(x, y) == 0, g(x, y) == 0], x, y)$

$\text{find\_root}(f(x), a, b)$  找  $x \in [a, b]$  s.t.  $f(x) \approx 0$

$\sum_{t=k}^n f(i) = \text{sum}([f(i) \text{ for } i \text{ in } [k..n]])$

$\prod_{t=k}^n f(i) = \text{prod}([f(i) \text{ for } i \text{ in } [k..n]])$

## 微積分

$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = \text{limit}(f(x), x=a)$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow a^-} f(x) = \text{limit}(f(x), x=a, \text{dir}='minus')$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow a^+} f(x) = \text{limit}(f(x), x=a, \text{dir}='plus')$

$\frac{d}{dx}(f(x)) = \text{diff}(f(x), x)$

$\frac{\partial}{\partial x}(f(x, y)) = \text{diff}(f(x, y), x)$

微分:  $\text{diff} = \text{differentiate} = \text{derivative}$

$\int f(x) dx = \text{integral}(f(x), x)$

積分:  $\text{integral} = \text{integrate}$

$\int_a^b f(x) dx = \text{integral}(f(x), x, a, b)$

## 二維圖形

線:  $\text{line}([(x1, y1), \dots, (xn, yn)], \text{options 選項})$

多邊形:  $\text{polygon}([(x1, y1), \dots, (xn, yn)], \text{options})$

圓形:  $\text{circle}((x, y), r, \text{options 選項})$

文字:  $\text{text("txt", (x, y), \text{options 選項})}$

參數圖:

$\text{parametric\_plot}((f(t), g(t)), tmin, tmax, \text{options})$

極坐標圖:  $\text{polar\_plot}(f(t), tmin, tmax, \text{options})$

## 三維圖形

三維線:

$\text{line3d}([(x1, y1, z1), \dots, (xn, yn, zn)], \text{options})$

球體:  $\text{sphere}((x, y, z), r, \text{options})$

四面體:  $\text{tetrahedron}((x, y, z), \text{size}, \text{options})$

立方體:  $\text{cube}((x, y, z), \text{size}, \text{options})$

八面體:  $\text{octahedron}((x, y, z), \text{size}, \text{options})$

十二面體:  $\text{dodecahedron}((x, y, z), \text{size}, \text{options})$

二十面體:  $\text{icosahedron}((x, y, z), \text{size}, \text{options})$

三維圖像:  $\text{plot3d}(f(x, y), [x_b, x_e], [y_b, y_e], \text{options})$

## 離散數學

$\lfloor x \rfloor \text{floor}(x)$   $\lceil x \rceil = \text{ceil}(x)$

$n \bmod k$  的餘數 =  $n \% k$   $k | n$  iff  $n \% k == 0$

$n! = \text{factorial}(n)$   $\binom{x}{m} = \text{binomial}(x, m)$

$\phi = \text{golden\_ratio}$   $\phi(n) = \text{euler\_phi}(n)$

字符串, 如:  $s = \text{"Hello"} = \text{"Hello"} = "" + \text{"He"} + \text{"llo"}$

$s[0] = \text{'H'}$   $s[-1] = \text{'o'}$   $s[1:3] = \text{'el'}$   $s[3:] = \text{'lo'}$

列表, 如:  $[1, \text{'Hello'}, x] = [] + [1, \text{'Hello'}] + [x]$

元組, 如:  $(1, \text{'Hello'}, x)$  (immutable)

組合, 如:  $\{1, 2, 1, a\} = \text{Set}([1, 2, 1, 'a']) (= \{1, 2, a\})$

列表對比 ≈組合符號, 如

$\{f(x) : x \in X; x > 0\} = \text{Set}([f(x) \text{ for } x \text{ in } X \text{ if } x > 0])$

## 線性代數

$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} = \text{vector}([1, 2])$

$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} = \text{matrix}([[1, 2], [3, 4]])$

$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{vmatrix} = \det(\text{matrix}([[1, 2], [3, 4]]))$

$Av = A * v$      $A^{-1} = A^{-1}$      $A^t = A.\text{transpose}()$

方法:  $\text{nrows}()$   $\text{ncols}()$   $\text{nullity}()$   $\text{rank}()$   $\text{trace}()$  ...