## Math 480 (Spring 2007): Homework 4

## Due: Monday, April 23

There are 5 problems. Each problem is worth 6 points and parts of multipart problems are worth equal amounts. You may work with other people and use a computer, unless otherwise stated. Acknowledge those who help you.

1. (Work by hand alone on this.) Find all four solutions x with  $0 \leq x < 55$  to the equation

 $x^2 - 1 \equiv 0 \pmod{55}.$ 

2. (Work by hand alone on this.) How many solutions (with  $0 \le x < 15015$ ) are there to the equation

 $x^2 - 1 \equiv \pmod{15015}.$ 

You may use that  $15105 = 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7 \cdot 11 \cdot 13$ .

- 3. Find the first prime p > 19 such that the smallest primitive root modulo p is 19. (This requires a computer.)
- 4. You and Nikita wish to agree on a secret key using the Diffie-Hellman key exchange. Nikita announces that p = 3793 and g = 7. Nikita secretly chooses a number n < p and tells you that  $g^n \equiv 454 \pmod{p}$ . You choose the random number m = 1208. What is the secret key?
- 5. In this problem you will digitally sign the number 2007. The grader will verify your digital signature.
  - (a) Choose primes p and q with 5 digits each, but do not write them down on your homework assignment. Instead, write down n = pq. (Your answer to this problem is n. The grader will factor n using a computer and verify that indeed n = pq with p,q both prime.)
  - (b) Let e = 3. Compute the decryption key d such that  $ed \equiv 1 \pmod{\varphi(n)}$ . Do not write down d. Instead encrypt the number 2007 using (d, n), i.e., digitally sign 2007. Your answer is the number m modulo n. (The grader will encrypt m using your public key (3, n); if the grader gets 2007 as the encryption, you get full credit; otherwise no credit.)